Kanpur. It is also contemplated to provide technical assistance to new entrepreneurs setting up footwear component units.

Development of Herbal Medicines from different plant species

491. SHRI RAMDAS AGARWAL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that India is one of the World's 12 leading bio-diversity centres with the presence of over 45,000 different plant species and the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) has already identified about 400 useful plants with an eye for a potential Rs. 4,000 crore market for herbal medicine in 5 years;

(b) whether it is also a fact that lack of standardised products, lack of reliable production technologies and the absence of scientific knowledge about the effect of drugs are coming in our way; and

(c) if so, by when the CSIR propose to come out with a blue print for action in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF ATOMIC ENERGY AND SPACE AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRI BHUVNESH CHATURVEDI): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir.

(c) CSIR has put in place a few ongoing programmes with industrial partners for standardisation of herbal preparations and development of plant based drugs. However, the full benefits of the synergy of science, the rich bio-diversity and traditional herbal preparations can accrue to the national through economic activities pursued by the Indian drug industry as a consequence of the joint programmes. CSIR is thus further enhancing and strengthening this activity and its interaction with other constituents of the programme.

Enrolment of Government servants in Bar Council

492. DR. RANBIR SINGH: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 3190 given in the Rajya Sabha on 18th August, 1994 and state:

(a) whether the Bar Council of India has since finalised the matter;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) if not, the reasons for the delay; and

(d) by when the matter is likely to be finalised?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW, JUSTICE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS (SHRI H.R. BHARDWAJ): (a) to (d) Yes, sir. The Bar Council of India examined the complain and found that there was no mis-representation of essential fact or fraud or undue influence in the matter of enrolment of the Government servant concerned as an advocate. The Council, therefore, has decided not to interfere in the matter.

"कपार्ट" द्वारा स्वयंसेवी संगठनों को सहायता

493. **श्री रामदेव भंडारी:** क्या ग्रामीण क्षेत्र और रोजगार मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) लोक अभियान तथा ग्रामीण प्रौद्योगिकी समुन्नति परिषद् (कपार्ट) द्वारा काली सूची में दर्ज किए गए स्वयंसेवी संगठनों का राज्य-वार ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ख) इन संगठनों के विरुद्ध क्या कार्यवाही की जा रही है;

(ग) क्या केन्द्रीय जांच ब्यूरो द्वार "कपार्ट" के 16 अधिकारियों के विरुद्ध कोई जांच की जा रही है;

(घ) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ङ) क्या सरकार काली सूची में दर्ज सैकड़ों संगठनों तथा उनमें अंतर्ग्रस्त भारी धनराशि को देखते हुए केन्द्रीय जांच ब्यूरो द्वारा एक संपूर्ण जांच कराएगी; और

(च) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है और यदि नहीं, तो इसके क्या कारण है?

ग्रामीण क्षेत्र और रोजगार मंत्रालय (ग्रामीण विकास विभाग) में राज्य मंत्री (श्री उत्तमभाई एच० पटेल): (क) लोक कार्यक्रम तथा ग्रामीण रौद्योगिकी विकास परिषद् (कपार्ट) द्वारा काली-सूची में दर्ज किए गए स्वयंसेवी संगठनों का राज्यवार ब्यौरा विवरण में दिया गया है (**नीचे देखिए**)

(ख) से (च) कपार्ट ने सूचित किया है कि ऐसे दोषी स्वयंसेवी संगठनों को धनराशि वापिस कर देने का निर्देश दिया है, जिनकी सहायता रद्द कर दी गयी है अथवा जहां परियोजनाएं समाप्त कर दी गयी हैं। कुछेक मामलों में, ऐसे स्वयंसेवी संगठनों के खिलाफ कानूनी कार्रवाई भी शुरू की गयी है। साथ ही, कुछेक मामले जांच के लिए कपार्ट द्वारा केन्द्रीय जांच ब्यूरो को भेज दिए गए हैं। इसमें शामिल कर्मचारियों के विरुद्ध कार्यवाई सहित, आगे की कार्रवाई केन्द्रीय जांच ब्यूरो की रिपोर्ट प्राप्त होने पर की जाएगी।

विवरण

कपार्ट द्वारा काली सूची में दर्ज स्वयंसेवी संगठनों का राज्य-वार ब्यौरा

क्र० सं०	राज्य	31.7.1995 तक कपार्ट द्वारा काली-सूची में दर्ज किए गए स्वयंसेवी संगठनों की संख्या
1	2	3
1.	असम	4
2.	आंध्र प्रदेश	72
3.	बिहार	71
4.	दिल्ली	19
5.	गुजरात	13
6.	हरियाणा	6
7.	हिमाचल प्रदेश	1
8.	केरल	4
9.	कर्नाटक	16
10.	मध्य प्रदेश	14
11.	महाराष्ट्र	14
12.	मणीपुर	2
13.	उड़ीसा	7
14.	राजस्थान	27
15.	तमिलनाडु	7
16.	उत्तर प्रदेश	74
17.	पश्चिम बंगाल	8
	कुल	359 (अनंतिम)

Services of Primary Health Centres

494. SHRI BHAGABAN MAJHI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the reasons for the quality of the services of the Primary Health Centre infrastructure in the country in general and tribal popoulated States in particular being not improved substantially;

(b) whether it is a fact that such facilities are not adequately available in the tribal regions of Orissa, Bihar and Madhya Pradesh; and

(c) if so, the initiatives proposed by Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A.R. ANTULAY): (a) The Primary Health Care infrastructure in the country is being established and maintained by the State Governments. The Health Care facilities very in rural areas from State to State. Except for a few States, there has been a steady improvement in these facilities all over the country.

(b) and (c) The Government had identified 90 poor performing districts which are characterised by the high birth rates, high infant mortality rates and very low levels of institutionals deliveries. One of these district is located in the State of Orissa, 5 in Bihar and 23 in Madhya Pradesh.

Financial assistance is being provided in a phased manner at the rate of Rs. 50.00 lakhs per district per year for improving infrastructure in these backward districts.

Under IPP VI, being implemented in Madhya Pradesh, there is provision for construction of 350 Sub-Centres. The project covers the entire State of Madhya Pradesh.